| Discipline :- | Semester:- | Name of the Teaching Faculty: - JYOTIRMAYA SAMAL |
|---|---|---|
| EN AND TC | 6ТН | |
| Subject:- Advance Communication Engineering | No of Days/per Week Class Allotted :- | Semester From:- 10.03.2022 To:- 30.06,2022 |
| (TH-1) | | |
| Week | Class Day | Theory |
| 1 st | 1 st | 1. RADAR & NAVIGATION AIDS. |
| | | 1.1 Basic Radar, advantages & applications |
| | 2 nd | 1.2 Working principle of Simple Radar system , its types |
| | 3 rd | 1.3 Radar range equation & Performance factor of radar. |
| | 4 th | 1.4 Working principle of Pulsed Radar system. |
| | 5 th | 1.5 Function of radar indication and Working principle of moving target indicator. |
| | 1 st | 1.6 Define Doppler effect & Working principle of C.W Radar. |
| | 2 nd | 1.7 Radar aids to Navigation. |
| 2 nd | 3 rd 4 th | 1.8 MTI Radar- working principle. |
| | • | 1.9 Aircraft landing system. |
| | 5 th | 1.10 Navigation Satellite System. (NAVSAT) & GPS System. |
| | 1 st | 2. SATELLITE COMMUNICATION.2.1 Basic Satellite Transponder & Kepler's Laws. |
| 3 rd | 2 nd | 2.2 Satellite Orbital patterns and elevation(LEO,MEO & GEO)categories. |
| | 3 rd | 2.3 Concept of Geostationary Satellite, calculate its height, velocity & round trip time delay & their advantage & disadvantage. |
| | 4 th | 2.4 Working of the Satellite sub system. |
| | 5 th | 2.5 Satellite frequency allocation and frequency bands. |
| | 1 st | 2.6 General structure of satellite Link system (Uplink, Down link, Transponder, Crosslink) |
| 4 th | 2 nd | 2.7 Working principle of direct broadcast system (DBS) |
| | 3 rd | 2.8 Working principle of VSAT system. |
| | 4 th | 2.9 Define multiple accessing & name various types. |
| | 5 th | 2.10 Time Division Multiple Accessing (TDMA) & – block diagram, its |
| | | advantages & dis-advantages. |
| | 1 st | 2.10 Code Division Multiple Accessing (CDMA) – block diagram, its advantages & dis-advantages. |
| 5 th | 2 nd | 2.11 Satellite Application - Communication Satellite (MSAT), |
| | 3 rd | 2.11Digital Satellite Radio. |
| | 4 th | 2.12 Working principle of GPS Receiver & Transmitter&applications. |
| | 5 th | 2.13 Optical Satellite Link transmitter & Receiver |
| | 1 st | 3. OPTICAL FIBER COMMUNICATION. |
| 6 th | | 3.1Basic principle of Optical communication. 3.2 Compare theadvantage |
| | 2 nd | and disadvantage of optical fibres&metallic cables 3.3 Electromagnetic Frequency and wave line spectrum |
| | 3 rd | 3.4 Types of optical fibres&principles of propogation in a fibreusing Ray |
| | 4 th | Theory 2.5 Optical fiber construction |
| | 5 th | 3.5 Optical fiber construction.3.6 Define terms: Velocity of propagation, Critical angle, Acceptance angle numerical aperture. |
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| | 1 st | 3.7 Optical fibre communication system- block diagram & workingprinciple |
|------------------|-----------------|---|
| 7 th | 2 nd | 3.8 Modes of propagation and index profile of optical fiber |
| | 3 rd | 3.9 Types optical fiber configuration: Single-mode step index, Multi-mode step index, Multi-mode Graded index |
| | 4 th | 3.10 Attenuation in optical fibers – Absorption losses, scattering, losses, bending losses, core and cladding losses- Dispersion – material Dispersion, waveguide dispersion, Intermodal dispersion |
| | 5 th | 3.11 Optical sources(Transmitter) & types – LED- semiconductorlaser diodes |
| 8 th | 1 st | 3.12 LASER -its working principles, block diagram using laser feedback control circuit |
| | 2 nd | 3.13 Optical detectors – PIN and APD diodes &Block diagramusing APD Connectors and splices –Optical cables - Couplers |
| | 3 rd | 3.14 Optical repeater & Single Channel system |
| | 4 th | 3.15 Applications of optical fibres – civil, Industry and Militaryapplication |
| | 5 th | 3.16 Concept of Wave Length Division Multiplexing (WDM)principles. |
| | 1 st | 4. TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM |
| 9 th | | 4.1Working of Electronic Telephone System. (Telephone Set) |
| | 2 nd | 4.2 Function of switching system AND call procedure. |
| | 3 rd | ASSIGNMENT |
| | 4 th | 4.3 Space and time switching. |
| | 5 th | 4.4 Numbering plan of telephone networks (National Schemes & |
| | | International Numbering) |
| | 1 st | 4.5 Working principle of a PBX & Digital EPABX. |
| 10th | 2 nd | 4.5Working principle of Digital EPABX. |
| 10 th | 3 rd | 4.6 Units of Power Measurement. |
| | 4 th | 4.7 Working principle of Internet Protocol Telephone |
| | 5 th | 4.8 Working principle of Internet Telephone |
| | 1 st | 5. DATA COMMUNICATION |
| 11 th | - nd | 5.1Basic concept of Data Communication |
| 11" | 2 nd | 5.2 Architecture, Protocols and Standards |
| | 3 rd | 5.3 Data Communication Circuits |
| | 4 th | 5.4 Types of Transmission |
| | 5 th | 5.4Transmission Modes |
| 12 th | 1 st | 5.5 Data Communication codes |
| | 2 nd | 5.6 Basic idea of Error control AND error detection |
| 12 | 3 rd | ASSIGNMENT |
| | 4 th | 5.7 MODEM & its basic block diagram |
| | 5 th | 5.7 ITS block diagram common features Voice Band Modem |
| 13 th | 1 st | 6. WIRELESS COMMUNICATION 6.1Basic concept of Cell Phone, frequency reuse channel assignment strategic |
| | 2 nd | 6.1handoff co-channel Interference and system capacity of a CellularRadio systems. |
| | 3 rd | 6.2 Concept of improving coverage and capacity in cellular system(Cell Splitting, Sectoring) |
| | 4 th | 6.3 Wireless Systems and its Standards. |
| | 5 th | 6.4 Discuss the GSM (Global System for Mobile) service andfeatures. |
| 14 th | 1 st | 6.5 Architecture of GSM system & |
| | 2 nd | 6.5 GSM mobile station &channel types of GSM system. |
| | 3 rd | 6.6 working of forward and reveres CDMA channel, the frequency and channel |
| | | specifications |

| | 4 th | ASSIGNMENT |
|------|-----------------|--|
| | 5 th | 6.7 Architecture and features of GPRS. |
| 15TH | I ST | 6.8 Discuss the mobile TCP, IP protocol. |
| | 2 ND | 6.9 Working of Wireless Application Protocol (WAP). |
| | 3 RD | 6.10 Features of SMS, MMS, 1G,2G, |
| | 4 TH | 6.103G, 4G& 5G Wireless network. |
| | 5 TH | 6.11 Smart Phone and discuss its features indicate through Blockdiagram. |
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